

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

LITERATURE IN ENGLISH

9695/42

Paper 4 Drama May/June 2018

2 hours

No Additional Materials are required.

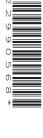
READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

An answer booklet is provided inside this question paper. You should follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet. If you need additional answer paper ask the invigilator for a continuation booklet.

Answer two questions.

You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.

All questions in this paper carry equal marks.



This document consists of 11 printed pages, 1 blank page and 1 insert.



TENNESSEE WILLIAMS: Sweet Bird of Youth

- 1 Either (a) In what ways, and with what effects, does Williams dramatise failure in the play?
 - **Or (b)** Discuss Williams's presentation of Boss Finley's public image in the following extract. You should pay careful attention to both language and staging.

Boss [on TV screen]: Thank you, my friends, neighbors, kinfolk, fellow Americans ...

Content removed due to copyright restrictions

Content removed due to copyright restrictions

The HECKLER defended himself, but finally has been overwhelmed and rather systematically beaten ...

Act 2, Scene 2

WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE: Twelfth Night

2 Either (a) Discuss Shakespeare's dramatic presentation of Olivia's household in the play.

Or (b) In what ways, and with what effects, does Shakespeare create dramatic tension at this point in the play? You should make close reference to both language and action.

[Enter ANTONIO.] Viola: I do assure you 'tis against my will. Antonio: Put up your sword. If this young gentleman Have done offence, I take the fault on me: If you offend him, I for him defy you. 5 Sir Toby: You, sir! Why, what are you? Antonio: One, sir, that for his love dares yet do more Than you have heard him brag to you he will. Nay, if you be an undertaker, I am for you. Sir Toby: [They draw. 10 [Enter OFFICERS.] Fabian: O good Sir Toby, hold! Here come the officers. Sir Toby [To ANTONIO]: I'll be with you anon. Viola: Pray, sir, put your sword up, if you please. Sir Andrew: Marry, will I, sir; and for that I promis'd you, I'll be as 15 good as my word. He will bear you easily and reins well. 1 Officer: This is the man; do thy office. 2 Officer: Antonio, I arrest thee at the suit Of Count Orsino. Antonio: You do mistake me, sir. 20 1 Officer: No, sir, no jot; I know your favour well, Though now you have no sea-cap on your head. Take him away; he knows I know him well. Antonio: I must obey. [To VIOLA] This comes with seeking you; But there's no remedy; I shall answer it. 25 What will you do, now my necessity Makes me to ask you for my purse? It grieves me Much more for what I cannot do for you Than what befalls myself. You stand amaz'd; But be of comfort. 30 2 Officer: Come, sir, away. Antonio: I must entreat of you some of that money.

Viola: What money, sir?

For the fair kindness you have show'd me here,
And part being prompted by your present trouble,

35

Out of my lean and low ability

I'll lend you something. My having is not much: I'll make division of my present with you;

Hold, there's half my coffer.

Antonio: Will you deny me now? 40

Is't possible that my deserts to you

	Can lack persuasion? Do not Lest that it make me so uns As to upbraid you with those That I have done for you.	ound a man	45
Viola:	I k Nor know I you by voice or I hate ingratitude more in a Than lying, vainness, babbl Or any taint of vice whose s Inhabits our frail blood.	man ing drunkenness,	50
Antonio:	O h	eavens themselves!	
2 Officer:	Come, sir, I pray you go.		
Antonio:	Let me speak a little. This y I snatch'd one half out of the Reliev'd him with such sand And to his image, which me Most venerable worth, did I	e jaws of death, tity of love, thought did promise	55
1 Officer:	What's that to us? The time	goes by; away.	60
Antonio:	But, O, how vile an idol prov Thou hast, Sebastian, done In nature there's no blemish None can be call'd deform'd	good feature shame. but the mind:	
	Virtue is beauty; but the beauty are empty trunks, o'erflouris		65
1 Officer:	The man grows mad. Away with him. Come, come, sir.		
Antonio:	Lead me on.	[Exit with Officers.	
		Act 3 Scene 4	

Act 3, Scene 4

WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE: Henry IV Part 2

3 **Either** (a) Discuss the presentation and dramatic significance of Falstaff in the play.

Or (b) In what ways, and with what effects, does Shakespeare present plotting and rebellion at this point in the play? You should make close reference to both language and action.

Lord Bardolph: When we mean to build,

We first survey the plot, then draw the model; And when we see the figure of the house, Then must we rate the cost of the erection;

Which if we find outweighs ability,

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

What do we then but draw anew the model

In fewer offices, or at least desist

To build at all? Much more, in this great work -Which is almost to pluck a kingdom down And set another up – should we survey

The plot of situation and the model, Consent upon a sure foundation,

Question surveyors, know our own estate How able such a work to undergo – To weigh against his opposite; or else

We fortify in paper and in figures,

Using the names of men instead of men: Like one that draws the model of a house Beyond his power to build it; who, half through, Gives o'er and leaves his part-created cost

A naked subject to the weeping clouds And waste for churlish winter's tyranny.

Hastings: Grant that our hopes – yet likely of fair birth –

Should be still-born, and that we now possess'd The utmost man of expectation,

I think we are so a body strong enough, Even as we are, to equal with the King.

Lord Bardolph: What, is the King but five and twenty thousand? Hastings: To us no more; nay, not so much, Lord Bardolph;

For his divisions, as the times do brawl,

Are in three heads: one power against the French.

And one against Glendower; perforce a third Must take up us. So is the unfirm King

In three divided; and his coffers sound With hollow poverty and emptiness.

Archbishop: That he should draw his several strengths together

And come against us in full puissance

Need not be dreaded.

Hastings: If he should do so,

> He leaves his back unarm'd, the French and Welsh 40

Baying him at the heels. Never fear that.

Lord Bardolph: Who is it like should lead his forces hither?

Hastings: The Duke of Lancaster and Westmoreland;

Against the Welsh, himself and Harry Monmouth;

	But who is substituted against the French I have no certain notice.	45
Archbishop:	Let us on, And publish the occasion of our arms. The commonwealth is sick of their own choice;	
	Their over-greedy love hath surfeited. An habitation giddy and unsure Hath he that buildeth on the vulgar heart. O thou fond many, with what loud applause Didst thou beat heaven with blessing Bolingbroke	50
	Before he was what thou wouldst have him be! And being now trimm'd in thine own desires, Thou, beastly feeder, art so full of him That thou provok'st thyself to cast him up. So, so, thou common dog, didst thou disgorge	55
	Thy glutton bosom of the royal Richard; And now thou wouldst eat thy dead vomit up, And howl'st to find it. What trust is in these times? They that, when Richard liv'd, would have him die Are now become enamour'd on his grave.	60
	Thou that threw'st dust upon his goodly head, When through proud London he came sighing on After th' admired heels of Bolingbroke, Criest now 'O earth, yield us that king again, And take thou this!' O thoughts of men accurs'd!	65
A.A. and Investor	Past and to come seems best; things present, worst.	70
Mowbray:	Shall we go draw our numbers, and set on?	
Hastings:	We are time's subjects, and time bids be gone. [Exeunt.	

Act 1, Scene 3

BRIAN FRIEL: Philadelphia, Here I Come!

- **4 Either (a)** In what ways, and with what dramatic effects, does Friel use Gar's two voices in the play?
 - **Or (b)** Discuss Friel's dramatic presentation of memory and regret at this point in the play. You should make close reference to both language and action.

[The record begins – Any lively piece of ceilidh band music.]

Content removed due to copyright restrictions

Content removed due to copyright restrictions

 $\label{eq:local_equation} \text{And you were so far gone that night,} \\ \text{Laddybuck} \, -$

Episode 1

WOLE SOYINKA: Death and the King's Horseman

- **5 Either (a)** In what ways, and with what effects, does Soyinka dramatise a clash of cultures in *Death and the King's Horseman*?
 - Or (b) In what ways, and with what dramatic effects, does Soyinka present the relationship between Jane and Olunde at this point in the play? You should pay careful attention to both language and action.

Olunde: Can you hear the drums? Listen.

Content removed due to copyright restrictions

Content removed due to copyright restrictions

I've lived with my bereavement so long now that I cannot think of him alive.

Scene 4

BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge International Examinations Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cie.org.uk after the live examination series.

Cambridge International Examinations is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.